PRICE ONE CENT.

EVENING EDITION.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1887.

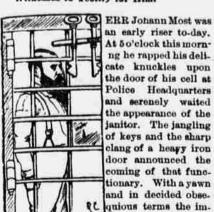
EVENING EDITION.

PRICE ONE CENT.

## MOST'S TRIAL FOR TUESDAY.

SCENES AT THE PLEADING OF THE ANAR-CHIST IN THE GENERAL SESSIONS.

Hendquarters and Awakes Hungry and Thirsty-Taken to Court-A Female Anarchist Ready to Furnish Bail-Fifty Witnesses to Testify for Him.



the appearance of the janitor. The jangling of keys and the sharp clang of a heavy iron door announced the coming of that functionary. With a vawn and in decided obsequious terms the imprisoned editor of the

Freiheit asked for a drink of water. A large tin cup of unfiltered Croton was given to him and quickly drained with a grimace, and Most was ready for breakfast.

Matron Webb paid some regard to the desires of the former member of the German Reichstag, and daintily prepared a sirloin steak, poached eggs, rolls and hot coffee for him. Most ate his meal with a relish, and enjoyed it much more than he did the noonday repast of cold Irish stew and beer in a "growler" from which he was so rudely torn yesterday.

When asked by his keeper how he had passed the night, Most smiled one of his most expansive smiles, shrugged his shoulders and said:

"As well as might be expected," pointing

ders and said:

"As well as might be expected," pointing significantly to the rough wooden bench which had been his couch. "My arrest and imprisonment are a great outrage," he continued, "and are a travesty on boasted American freedom. The newspapers have done this by systematic lying. They made Spies and Lingg declare that I was their tutor in Anarchist views. Because I am a recognized leader of advanced thought, all the sins of others are laid at my door. Lingg was an Anarchist long before he came to this country, and had a recognized standing in the order in Germany. He was active in the organization in

long before he came to this country, and had a recognized standing in the order in Germany. He was active in the organization in America, and needed no man's shadow to lurk behind. Spies was an intelligent, self-thinking man, and was an Anarchist before he heard of or met me. I defy the authorities to prove that I ever advised any person to resort to physical force or to use dynamite or other explosives. When they were used by others I did not weep or moan."

Despite the unsatisfactory pine-board bed, Herr Most rested well, and during the night watches was observed to be sleeping soundly. His bushy hair stood up like quills upon the fretful porcupine when he awoke, but he said nothing about comb or brush. He expressed no solicitude for water to bathe in—his chief desire being a drink to cool his dry and parched throat.

Shortly after 10 o'clock he was escorted up the spiral stairway which leads up from the prison direct to Inspector Byrnes's cosy but highly suggestive quarters, and was prepared for his journey to the Court-House. He made a pretence of indifference, but it was evident to those who know his habits that he was making a great effort to appear cool.

Inspector Byrnes and Detective Crowley started from Police Headquarters at 10.30 with Most, the arch Anarchist, smoking one of the Inspector's good cigars. They rode downtown on the front platform of a Third avenue car.

The party reached Part I, of the Court of

was by taking notes with a red lead-pencil.

Despite the resolute defense of the entrance door by the court officers, who demanded subpens or summons from every applicant for admission, the room was crowded with people, Hundreds had formed themselves into a silent reception committee to Most on the sidewalk in Chambers street, but only a few dozens could gain admission to the cramped courtroom, and the fortunate ones stared at the Anarchist with all their eyes. Commodore G rry was one of them. subposa or summons from every applican for admission, the room was crowded

Anarchist with all their eyes. Commodore Grry was one of them.

Judge Cowing took his saat at 11.15, and the Court became as quiet as the grave instantly. A long line of minor offenders were called to the bar as a prelud; to Most's case, and while this was going on a reporter interviewed Mrs. Hoffman.

She said: "My husband is Dr. Julius Hoffman, a physician of large practice. We believe in anarchism, and that it is our duty to come forward and assist a brother Anarchist when he is in trouble on account of his beliefs or his expression of his convictions. We own our house, and will become bait for Johan. Most."

Lawyer Blake I ad proceeded five minutes in us charge to the jury in another case, when at 11.40, District-Attorney Martine, entered. Mr. Blake discontinued, and Court Clerk Hall read the indictment to Most, concluding with "Are you guilty or not guity?" Clerk Hall read the indictment to Most, concluding with "Are you guilty or not guitty?"
Commellor Howe interposed in behalf of Most and addressed Judge Cowing: "I am glad this case comes before you, for I know that you will not be influenced by public clamor, and as for the District-Attorney, with the emphatic compliment tendered to him almost unanimously by the people last week, I am sure that he will be fair."

Mr. Howe declared that sver since the Chicago srecutions the newswapers had been clamoring for the blood of the Anarchists or those who sympathized with them. The people had been exical by the press.

Ent Most was surrounded by the protection of the Constitution. The indictment fare no clusto the evidence on which it was

found, and he had no means of knowing what charge was made against him unless it were based on the statement of a reporter for The World that he had taken a stenographic report of the utterances of Most at Saturday's meeting. But that statement Herr Most had denied in writing. The names of the witnesses examined by the Grand Jury indorsed on the indictment were those of Policemen Roth and Sechs.

Mr. Martine interposed that if Mr. Howe was moving to produce the minutes of the Grand Jury, he might have them.

Mr. Howe thanked Mr. Martine and then went on to say that liberty of speech was more importment than Herr Most's liberty and trusted there would be no Comstockian methods adopted. Most was not a man to run away. He had simply criticised the hanging of the Chicago men and suggested something to be done in the indefinite future. He knew he was going to be arrested and did not run away. Mr. Howe thought \$500 bail would be enough, as Most was only guilty of a misdemeanor at the most.

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away. Mr. Howe thought \$500 bail would be enough, as Most was only guilty of a misdemeanor at the most.

Mr. Martine thought that as Most had but recently come out of prison for a similar offense, \$2,500 bail would not be too much.

Judge Cowing fixed bail at \$1,500, and, by consent, Tuesday next, Nov. 22, was fixed for the trial, the day before Thanksgiving first suggested—being unacceptable to Mr. Howe, because it would deprive some of the parties interested of their Thanksgiving dinner. He said that Most had fifty witnesses.

The speech Most delivered in the Seventh street hall on Saturday night was taken down in German by Patrolmen Roth and Sechs, neither knowing that the other was present. The two reports were carefully translated, and were found to agree as to the language that was used. These reports will form the evidence at the trial.

Most was given a seat in the prison van and taken to the Tombs at the close of the proceedings before Judge Cowing. But he was brought back to the District Attorney's office and set at liberty at 1 o'clock, the District-Attorney accepting Mrs. Ida Hoffman as bondsman for him.

The husband of Mrs. Hoffman, Dr. Julius Hoffman, is the man who figured conspicuously three months ago as a witness in the trial of Joseph Bernheimer, the painter, who was charged by Walking Delegate Charles Schalk with assault with intent to kill. Schalk called at the home of Bernheimer's father and insisted that he should discharge a non-union man in his employ. Words followed and Schalk, it is alleged, insulted Mrs. Bernheimer, where-upon her son gave Schalk a pair of black eyes.

On the trial before Justices Kilbreth, O'Bailly and Ford in the Spacial Sessions.

upon her son gave Schalk a pair of black eyes.
On the trial before Justices Kilbreth, O'Reilly and Ford, in the Special Sessions Court, Dr. Hoffman testified that he attended Schalk and that he was covered with serious wounds. Schalk was in court swathed in bandages. Lawyer Friend, who was defending Bernheimer, asked Dr. Hoffman if he believed in the Bible.

Hoffman replied scornfully in the negative, whereat Friend asked the Court to order the

Heved in the Bible.

Hoffman replied scornfully in the negative, whereat Friend asked the Court to order the removal of Schalk's bandages. Dr. Hoffman was compelled to remove the rags himself. No bruises were apparent. Bernheimer was discharged fortbwith.

#### THEY ALL SAY IT'S A MYTH.

Baccarat Not Allowed in the Union Club, and Mr. Lorillard is Not in Town.

The story printed in this morning Sun that Pierre Lorillard recently lost \$225,000 to Allen Thorndike Rice over baccarst in the cardroom of the Union Club is regarded as a myth by clubmen generally. Mr. Pierre Lorillard, sr., who is the one referred to is out of town. He left two weeks on a trip to Florida, and the West Indies, intending to remain away several months. His son, Pierre Lorillard, jr.,

prison direct to inspector Byrnes's cosy but highly suggestive quarters, and was prepared for his journey to the Court-House. He made a pretence of indifference, but it was evident to those who know his habits that he was making a great effort to appear cool.

Inspector Byrnes and Detective Crowley started from Police Headquarters at 10.85 with Most, the arch Anarchist, smoking one of the Inspector's good cigars. They rode downtown on the front platform of a Third avenue car.

The party reached Part I of the Court of General Sessions at 10.55. Most's chubby form was encased in a black coat and vest and drab trousers, which fitted him as closely as the skin of a bologna sausage.

As he sat in court his little gray eyes peered out from under his heavy brows in a sly way, though there was an uneasy movement of them about the room. Oddly enough, New York's arch Anarchist's hatred for the capitalistic press "does not deter him from encouraging the publication of newspapers by purchasing them, and while his eyes shifted from face to face he pretended to be reading a copy of The Would.

A tall, lean woman, with truly Anarchistic thair, not blood red, but of a fiery hue, visited the District-Attorney's office early and stated that she had come to offer bail for Herr Most, She was directed to the court-room and est within the compartment for women. She wore a handsome Paisley shawl and stated to a reporter that she was Ida Hoffman and lived at 62 East Seventh street, which houses she owned. It was worth \$20,000 and bore a mortgage for \$11.000. She is an Anarchist, he was by taking notes with a red lead-penil.

Despite the resolute defense of the entrunce door by the court officers, who demanded a decreased in the corrected of the entrunce door by the court officers, who demanded as a decreased in a decreased in the correct of the company will follow the Charter Gaz Life Company, the court of the court of

equal to its liabilities. The Commissioner has make a thorough examination and finds a bad state or affairs, which must be corrected or the company will follow the Charter Oak Life Company. It holds large blocks of Standard Cement and Utica Cement stock, which have decreased in value, leaving assets far below liabilities.

# [SPECIAL TO THE WORLD !

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 18. - Charles Earl, a farmer, f Vencentown, Burlington County, visited the ounty jail this morning and positively identified county jait has morning and positively dentified of oliver Thorne, who is in jail for swindling farmers, as the man who was riding with farmer Pearce, who was drugged while on his way to Mount Holly on Oct. 99. Earl testified at the inquest that he drove out part of the way from Cainden behind Pearce, and saw Thorne give Pearce liquor. When Thorne was brought out of his cell, Earl instantly recognized him as Pearce's companion.

To Organize Working Women. The Committee of the Working Women's Meetings will be at Pythagoras Hall, 184 Canal street, tion as to the practical steps to be taken to form labor organisations. Women engaged in making men's and women's clothing, underwear and cloaks, and factors operatives of all kinds are invited to be present. No addresses will be made—the object of the Friday evening meeting being the practical work of organizing. this evening, for the purpose of giving informa

Schoolboys in a Bad Business.

Murray, age sixteen years, were charged in the Essex Market Court to-day with varying the monotony of school life by standing drunken men up sgainst walls and going through them. The officer said that they had parted company with one of the inebriates as he came up. This they denied. They were held each in \$500 bail for their good behavior for three months.

Stole From an Ex-Sheriff.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD. | NEW BRUNSWICE, N. J., Nov. 18,-Thieves forced an entrance into the home of ex-Sheriff B. S. Totten, at Middlebush, last night and stole clothing and money to the value of \$300. Some of the valuables were taken from the room in which Mr. Totten was siceping. KNIGHTS OF LABOR REBEL

PENNSYLVANIA WORKINGMEN RESTLESS AND DEFYING RULES OF THE ORDER.

More Than a Thousand Striking Shoemak. ers Go Back to Work in Spite of Orders from the District Assembly—Seccasionists in Convention at Pittaburg—Contemplated Shut-Down of Beasemer Steel Works.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)

PITTSBURG, Nov. 18.—The secession movement from the K. of L. is assuming definite shape. The convention of delegates from the various assemblies which are leaving the Knights of Labor to join the new district of the Iron and Steel Workers' National Assembly commenced last evening. Representatives were present from local assemblies numbers 1,477, 6,557, 6,658, 2,925, 2,656, 1,967, 2,551, 9,478, 8,495 and 10,103. It is expected that five other assemblies will be represented this afternoon when the convention

sented this afternoon when the convention reassembles.

The convention was called some time ago by Past Master Workman Thomas Clark, of L. A. 1,477, and one of the most active spirits in promoting the organization of the National Assembly of Iron and Steel Workers. After harmanest organization is completed toassembly of Iron and Steel Workers. After a permanent organization is completed to-day the question of a scale for next year will be the most important feature of the convention proceedings.

Taken as a whole the scale will be about the same as that in use by the Amalgamated Association, and will consequently provide for a raise in the wages now paid Knights of Labor in several departments.

# SHOEMAKERS TIRED OF IDLENESS.

Philadelphia Kulghts Return to Work in Definnce of Their District Assembly.

SPECIAL TO THE WORLD. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18 .- In going back to work the striking shoemakers have acted in direct defiance of the District Assembly Knights of Labor. About one thousand men returned to their benches in the various facreturned to their benches in the various fac-tories yesterday, and more are going back to-day. The men are disgusted with the action of the District Assembly, and say they are tired of living on nothing to please a few unreasonable people who have been using them to avenge an imaginary grievance, and giving them no good reason why they should remain out.

giving them no good reason why they should remain out.

The District Assembly will hold a meeting to-day, but their action will not affect the action of the people who returned to work yesterday. If the District attempts to expel those members, the action will be resisted, and as the majority of the members of the District are in favor of bringing the strike to an end, it is not improbable that they will expel that portion of the District which insists on maintaining the strike.

#### WOULD AFFECT 25,000 MEN.

Contemplated Shut-Down of All the Beam fier Steel Rail Works in the Country.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.] PITTSBURG, Nov. 18.-A general shut-down of the Bessemer steel rail business of the entire country is contemplated. The probability is that these mills will close Dec. 1. The reasons for this are that the large mileage

The reasons for this are that the large mileage of railroads built this year is not expected to be repeated next year on account of the talk of stringency in the money market. Tight money would prevent the placing of contracts and result in depressing prices, which have already reached too low a point consistent with the price of iron and labor.

Consultations have been held by the representatives of the twelve Bossemer rail works in different parts of the country, and the proposed action now under consideration will be harmonious. It is almost certain that the old Bessemer Association will be reformed for the purpose of controlling the production and price of steel rails directly and indirectly. The shut-down would affect 25,000 men.

## ANGER DID NOT HELP MATTERS.

While Resenting Their Daughters' Arres Two Men Get Into Trouple.

Mrs. Theodore Gould, of 206 East Eightieth street, lost a few articles of clothing yesterday, and had Mary E. Delaney, aged fifteen years, and Mary Archibald, aged eleven years, arrested on suspicion of stealing them. They all live in the same house, and

them. They all live in the same house, and the police have considerable trouble in keeping the house quiet.

Edward Archibald and Daniel Delaney were indignant when they heard of their children's arrest. Going upstairs they broke open Mrs. Gould's door. They were about to clean out the place when they were arrested. The children were committed to await investigation by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to children, and their fathers were put under bonds for one month, in default of which they will be sent to the Island. Justice White committed them in the Harlem Court'to-day.

John Pitman's Nophew Has Reached Town Police headquarters was visited this morning by

queer little man who wore a hat whose bri measured fully eight inches in width, and whose rousers seemed uncertain which they preferred, trousers seemed uncertain which they preferred, his shoes or his knees. He was in search of his uncle, John Pitman, who, he said, lived in this town somewhere. The exact locality he did not know. The stranger's name was James Pitman. Two years ago, white at home in the Tennessee Mountains, he received a letter from his uncle John telling him to come on. At that time his parents were alive and he was content with hog and hominy, but last month his father and mother died, and now he wants his uncle. The police knew of no person named John Pitman, and James went away disconsolate.

## Jurers for Two Celebrated Will Cuses.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]
BOSTON, Nov. 18.—Forty-six jurgrs have been ummoned to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court on Dec. 5, when it is expected that the Cod man will case and the Milmore will case will be tried. This sitting of the court is held for the express purpose of hearing the probate appeals above mentioned. In the Milmore will case the appeal is by Charles Milmore, a brother of Joseph Milmore, who was the testator. It is said that sensational developments may be expected in the case,

Mary Ross Affronts the Court. Mary Ross, a buxom and hilarious young woman, saused quite a commotion in the Easex Marke Court to-day. The Court had levted \$10 on her for being intoxicated. This ahe slapped down on the deak with vehemence, and, shouting "Let her go, Gallagher," made tracks in an approved stride for the door, when the Court awakened to the sontempt of court shown by her and to the heceasity of action. An officer was told to bring her back, but her stride served her in good stead, as she was not retaken.

Brokers Apologize to the Stock Exchange. R. M. Haisted, John Wallace and C. M. Cun min have apologized to the Board by letter for having buriesqued the hanging of the Anarchists on the floor of the Stock Exchange. JOHN J. BRESLIN DEAD.

He Passes Away at His Home After a Lin gering Illness.

The death of John J. Breslin, the wellknown Irish Nationalist, occurred early this morning at No. 451 Canal street, where he been living for some time Death resulted from dispast. of the liver, from which he has been suffering for the past three months. The disease however, has confined him to the house for but a short time and he was obliged to take to his bed only two weeks ago. Few outside of his immediate circle of friends knew of his illness. and even to them his death was unexpected. The family which he leaves consists of his widow and two young children. The former was Miss Teresa Borman, of this city. His other relatives in New York are three brothers, Michael, Neal and Patrick, and two sisters, Miss Eliza Breslin and Mrs. Mary O'Silva. His funeral will take place Sunday next, at his late residence, and the remains will be interred in Calvary

and the remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

Mr. Breslin was born in Dublin in 1838, and his patriotism has led him to take part in many stirring adventures. The first act which brought him into prominence was his liberation of Head-Centre Stephens, the Fenian leader, from Bridewell prison, in 1865, and another was the rescue of the imprisoned Fenians at Freemantle, Australia, in 1866, in connection with the Catalpa expedition. He has lived in America since 1866.

In conjunction with John Devoy, Breslin established the Irish Nation, and he had always taken an active interest in Irish affairs since his residence in this city. He had held the office of Inspector in the Street-Cleaning Department since 1885.

#### BARNEY O'ROURKE ALARMED.

President French Said to Have Furnished Material for New Indictments.

Barney O'Rourke, the owner of several saloons and a Republican politician of great influence in the Eighth Assembly District, is a very much frightened man. He has heard that new indictments will shortly be presented against him and that his "pull" will not avail to save him.

It will be remembered that O'Rourke

It will be remembered that O'Rourke worked and voted for Col. Fellows for District-Attorney, and that two days after election several indictments against him in the District-Attorney's office were quashed because the papers in the cases could not be found. There is now a rumor that new complaints against O'Rourke are being prepared and will be presented to the Grand Jury.

A friend of Barney O'Rourke's said to-day to a World reporter: "Barney knows what is going on, and he is getting scared. You see, Police Commissioner French is determined to get square with Barney for supporting Col. Fellows, Looks to me as if French is furnishing some evidence to Mr. Micoll. No, it would not surprise me if Barney was hauled up again. He had better take my advice and akip until January."

There are hundreds of citizens of the Eighth Assembly District who are astonished at the manner in which Barney O'Rourke is permitted to evade justice. They are wondering if he will ever reach the end of his rope, His saloons are the resort of law-breakers, and he contracts every year to deliver the votes of his friends and heelers to candidates. He is a member of the Republican County Committee, but belongs to a party named O'Rourke.

## THE VICTIM OF COMSTOCK'S WRATH.

Nine-Year-Old Johnny Flynn Badly Brulsed

The miserable, fifth floor, one-room tene ment in the rear of 89 Park street was this morning made even more miserable to nineyear-old Johnny Flynn, who lives there with

year-old Johnny Flynn, who lives there with his widowed mother.

Johnny arose this morning, his body stiff and racked with pain, the result of the assault upon him in City Hall Park yesterday by Anthony Comstock, agent of the Society for the Supression of Vice.

Mrs. Catherine Flynn, the mother of the lad, said this morning that she did not know whether she would prosecute Comstock or not. He had not maimed the boy, but had bruised him considerably. If his big brother had been there, she remarked, there would be no necessity for resort to the law or courts, for the man who assaulted Johnny would have received what he gave in measure to suit the difference in their age and size. Mrs. Flynn said that she would consult a brother-in-law this evening, and her action in the matter of the prosecution of Comstock would be entirely controlled by the result of that conference.

## MORE LIGHT IN THE PARKS.

A New System in Use for Lighting Madisci and Union Squares.

The electric lights which have been doing night work for four years in Union and Madison squares are now at rest, having been lowered to the bottom of the towers. While

lowered to the bottom of the towers. While they are relieved of regular duty they will be ready for an emergency in the way of helping out the arc lights which surmount twenty-three bright green poles at different points in these parks.

The new lights, which have been burning for three nights, are a great improvement over the old. Ladies and children need no longer have any fear of the rustic bench tramp who used to take up his abode in the shadow of these parks, for at night it is as light as day now. Every one is glad of the change except these permanent fixtures and park lovers. Park policemen have a sinecure now, for the new lights will do away with all the freaks which kept them so away with all the freaks which kept the busy.

Swindled by a Young Beggar.

In the Essex Market Police Court this morning he Rev. John Marshall Chew, of 338 West Fiftysixth street, charged Willie Hahn, twenty years o anxin street, charged while mann, twenty years of age, with obtaining 55 from him under faise pretenses. Hahn was sent to the City Prison for six months. He is well known to the police. He presented a letter to the minister perporting to come from Ridley & Co. in which he was offered work. He told a piteous story, and succeeded in getting the money. He is said to be a professional beggar.

A Vicious Way of Collecting a Bill. Stephen Madden, a hoarding-house keeper, at 50 Market street, was before Justice Gorman, at Essex Market Court this morning, charged with an assault with a knife on Angus McLeod, a sailor. A wrangic ensued over the payment of a board bill, when Madden drew a knife, cutting McLeod very severely in the arm and hand. A policeman took Madden out of his bed at 2 o'clock this merning. He was held in \$1,500 for examination and McLeod was sent to the House of Detention.

Wisconsin Dry Goods Men Assign

ASHLAND, Wis., Nov. 16, -Cohen Pinn & Co., dry goods merchants, have made an assignment. Liabilities, \$75,000; assets, \$65,000,

THE CZAR REACHES BERLIN.

MET BY PRINCE WILLIAM, WHO REPRE-SENTED THE EMPEROR.

Great Crowds on the Street and There Were Guards of Honor in Abundance Formal Civilities Exchanged-A Family Banquet Will Take Place at the Imperial Palace To-Night-The Crown Prince Worse.

ISPECIAL CABLE TO THE WORLD, I BERLIN, Nov. 18.—The Czar and his family have arrived here safely. Prince William, as representative of the Emperor, met the Czar. Great crowds were on the streets and there were guards of honor in great numbers. Formal civilities were exchanged. There will be a family banquet at the Imperial Palace th evening.

VERY MALIGNANT SOFT CANCER. The Crown Prince Becomes Worse-His Case

INPECTAL CABLE TO THE WORLD. Berlin, Nov. 18.-A despatch from San Remo states that the Crown Prince has become worse. The discharge from the throat of green matter has been carefully examined by experts, and has turned out to be entirely cancerous. This kind of soft cancer is most pernicious and incurable. The Crown Prince's throat has now been clinically and pathologically proved to be affected with soft cancer of a very malignant nature.

#### BROKERS IN A QUARREL.

Duncan McGregor Served with an Injunction by His Partner.

Upon the application of E. M. Fox, counsel for Richard W. Armstrong, Judge Barrett bas granted an injunction restraining Duncan McGregor from disposing of the proceeds of the sale of his seat in the New York Stock Exchange or in any way interfering with the banking and brokerage firm of Armstrong &

Exchange or in any way interfering with the banking and brokerage firm of Armstrong & McGregor. These two partners have had a falling out, which is due, Mr. Armstrong says, to the unbusiness-like and dishonorable actions of the defendant.

On Jan. 12, 1887, the two formed a copartnership, under the title of Armstrong & McGregor, for the purpose of carrying on a general banking business to buy and sell the securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange, and to buy and sell grain, cotton, oil and other things. Mr. Armstrong put \$25,000 cash into the firm and McGregor put in his seat in the Stock Exchange. They were to continue the business until May I, 1888, but on Sept. 1 the firm sustained very heavy losses, and it was mutually agreed to wind up the business, and dissolve the copartnership upon a settlement of their accounts and a discharge by each partner of all indebtedness due by him to the firm.

In accordance with this understanding the defendant obtained Armstrong's consent to the sale of the Stock Exchange seat. This was accordingly sold to a third party for \$21,500. As soon as the defendant got the money, Mr. Armstrong says, he refused to pay his indebtedness to the firm, which amounts to \$1,041.28, as the books show, and abandoned the business entirely. He refused to listen to Armstrong when the money was demanded of him. The plaintif has begun a suit for the dissolution of the copartnership and the appointment of a receiver. It is in this suit that McGregor has been enjoined.

LEAGUE AND BROTHERHOOD MEET.

the message from the League which would signify peace or war. It came at 6 o'clock in the form of an invitation for Messrs. Ward, Brouthers and Hanlon to meet the members of the League. Forthwith they took their line of march for the Fifth Avenue Hotel. After a sharp engagement, led by President Ward, the Brotherhood scored a

rictory.
As a result, to-day, they met the League delegates to discuss the present form of con-tract. Yesterday the Brotherhood were locked out of the big parlor. To-day they

locked out of the big parlor. To-day they were locked in.

The decision of the League has taken everybody by surprise. The different delegates have said over and over again that they would never recognize the Brotherhood as an organization. Their note last evening was addressed to the Brotherhood Committee as individuals, To-day they say: "We did not understand the objects of the Brotherhood. They came as individuals and President Ward demonstrated that the Brotherhood wished to help the League, so we gave them the recognition they craved."

Notwithstanding what the League men say to-day it is believed by good judges that they concluded it would be bad policy to fight the Brotherhood.

Waylaid by Four Thieves. Works, who lives at 518 East Eighteenth street. while passing the corner of New Chambers and while passing the corner of New Chambers and Cherry streets last night at about 10 o'clock, was waylaid by four young thieves, who knocked him down and took \$11 from his pocket. Coyle, on regaining his feet, grabbed hold of James Callahan, seventeen years old, of 69 Cherry street, whom he identified as one of the gang who robbed him. He shouted lustily for help. A policeman took Gallahan to the station house. This morning Justice O'Reilly at the Tombs Police Court held Callahan in \$2,500 ball to answer for the robbery. Coyle was committed to the House of Detention as a witness.

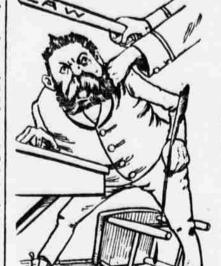
Money Stolen from His Inside Pocket. Diedrich Stelter, of 175 Bowery, Henry Cordia and Herman Doescher, of 125 Elizabeth street, were, until last Wednesday morning, bosom rigads. They went out together to a ball at the Germania Assembly Rooms, on the Bowery, last Tuesday, and stayed there all night drink-ing freely. In the morning they went to the barroom 125 Bowery, where Stelter missed his pocket-book containing 575. He told Justice Gorman, at Essex Market this morning, that he carried the money in his inside pocket and that both defendants knew where it was. Justice Gorman held the men in \$700 each to answer.

Not a Result of the Fight.

Samuel Scudder, a negro, thirty-five years old, was found lying dead in the yard at 35 Thompson street this morning. The police heard that there had been a fight there during the night and made an investigation. It proved that Scudder had not been involved in it. His last residence was at 51 Oliver street, Newark.

Congressman Cox's Lecture.

saman S. A. Cox is to deliver a lecture entitled " Travels in Turkey," before the Narragansets Club, at sor West Fifty-fourth street, this evening.



NINE WILLIAMS MEN ARE ANGRY.

Claim that They Have Been Discriminated [SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

ALBANY, Nov. 18 .- The parents of Lindley

C. Couper, Nathaniel Gorham, William F. Judson, F. H. Lovell, Gerrit Y. Lansing, Nelson H. Patridge, Charles M. Ransom, F. K. Scribner and S. Vilas Beckwith, the nine Williams College Sophomores suspended for hazing young Choate, are preparing a letter to the college authorities demanding the reinstatement of their sons

Twenty Sophomores confessed to a share in the proceedings, but only nine were suspended. It is set up that the whole twentyone were questioned by the Faculty as to whether their parents would permit them to return to college if suspended. Twelve said their parents would not allow them to come back, and the remaining nine said their par ents would permit them to finish their course. Thereupon the nine and not the

twelve were punished. The parents of the nine say their sons have been discriminated against, and unless evenhanded justice is administered, they will not send them back to Williams. They also set up that the hazing of Choate took place eight days before the ordeal of his initiation into a secret society and that the latter event brought on his trouble.

## NEW YORK COMMERCE THREATENED.

The Fitchburg Railroad's Scheme to Tap the Eric Canal for Freight Traffic.

ALBANY, Nov. 18.—The commerce of the port of New York and the traffic on the Hudson River are threatened with a direct loss, owing to a diversion that is sought by the Fitchburg Railroad.

Superintendent of Public Works Shanahar LEAGUE AND BROTHERHOOD MEET.

At the Fifth Avenue Hetel the Baseball Mee

Talk About Contracts.

From early morn yesterday until evening the committee representing the Ball-Players' the Brotherhood waited at the Barrett House for the purpose of receival and delivering freight. The canal is 250 feet wide at this point, and the contemplated harbor of the railroad will be contemplated harbor of the railroad will be 200 feet wide by 2,000 feet long. The ground needed is on the south bank of the canal. The wharf will be furnished with a steam elevator and large sheds for freight other than grain, so that Eastern grain and merchandise can readily be transferred to the railroad or that for the South or West be loaded on boats. It is said that Supt. Shanahan is inclined to grant the request on the ground that the business of the canal will be largely increased if the plan is carried out. Merchants in Albany are much exercised over the scheme, which, they say, will take much freight to Boston which has hitherto gone to New York and Albany.

# BOSTON HAS A HAND IN THIS.

Boston Made Cup to be Given to a Boston

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.) Boston, Nov. 18 .- The elegant trophy wo by the Volunteer at Marblehead has been completed by Messrs, Bigelow, Kennard & Co., and is now on private exhibition at their

It is a handsome cup of solid silver, lined with gold and embellished appropriately with figures of old Neptune, of mermaids and of clinging kelp and realistic shells and coral. Most appropriate of all is the idea of presenting to a Boston victor the work of a

presenting to a Boston victor the work of a Boston firm.

On two shields are the inscriptions: "The Boston Heraid Cup," and "Won by the Volunteer, Charles J. Paine owner. Marblehead, Aug. 11, 1887," while a third shield bears a picture of an ancient galley with its lofty prow and sweeping cars.

The cup is 16 inches in diameter and 12 inches in height, with a capacity of five gallons. Its actual value is somewhere in the neighborhood of \$1,500, and the work may be well estimated when it is known that the constant labor of one man for three months

constant labor of one man for three months was required. Justice, the Moonshiner, Hanged. CANTON, Ga., Nov. 18.—Tillman C. Justic

was hanged at Hiawassee at noon to-day. Sev eral hundred people witnessed the execution. The trap was sprung by Sheriff W. D. Burch. Justic was an illicit distiller. James B. Goddard, his neighbor, was opposed to moonshiners and was suspected of having reported several filiet stills. Justice shot him down one day while passing his house and then brained him with the butt of his gun. Justice was aged thirty and Goddard seventy-five.

Telegraphic Brevities. CINCINNATI, Nov. Is.—The Cincinnati Baseball Club is soon to be sold under order of court to satisfy an indebtedness of \$80,000. MEMPHIS, Nov. 18.—The Merchants' Cotton Compress and Storage Company's buildings were destroyed by fire last night, togesher with 13,200 bales of cotton. Lose. \$1,000,000.

SAN PRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—Hong Kong advices state that the Chinese Government has cancelled all contracts relative to the American Bank Syndi-cate. Pepresented by Count Mitkienier. CINCINNATI, Nov. is.—The Consolidated Street-Car Railway conductors and drivers street last night. They demand the discharge of John Harris, the Superintendent. Six hundred men are thrown out of work.

# SEVENTEEN MEN IN AGONY.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING OF THE VICTIMS OF THE PHILADELPHIA EXPLOSION.

All of the Men Taken to Jefferson Hospital-Rum Was the Cause of the Frightful Accident-A Drunken Man Attempts to Fill a Lighted Lamp From a Two-Gallon Can of Gaseline-Herrible Result.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18 .- Dr. Orville Hornitz, the Night Surgeon-in-Chief of the Jefferson Hospital, was hastily summoned from his home at 11 o'clock last night to attend seventeen men who had been horribly burned by a gasoline explosion on Sansome street. The citizens and police carried the burned men into the hospital one by one, to three little rooms, where they were laid upon

The sight was horrible in the extreme Groaning with pain, with shreds of flesh. hanging from their blackened necks and faces, they twisted and turned upon the cots praying and appealing by turn. Dr. Howitz came quickly, and, with a corps of assistants. began to relieve the pain of the suffering men as much as possible with oil and lint. As each man was oiled and bandaged he was laid on a stretcher and carried through the corridor to the elevator, which took him to the ward on the third floor.
Some of them were bolstered up on the

stretchers into a sitting position, with their necks drawn down close between their shoulders, their knees drawn up to their breasts and their faces distorted with pain. Some, totally unmanned by the awful agony, cried like children. Others, after being bathed in oil, were seized with chills, and, although heavily wrapped with blankets, complained piteously of the cold.

It is thought that two of the men will less their evesight. They are all burned more or less about the head, face, hands, knees, legs and feet. None of the injuries are necessarily fatal, but many of them are extremely dan-

The explosion occurred in a frame building at 908 Sansome street, which was used by the Edison Electric Light Company as a storeroom. From what can be learned from the injured men, William C. Bingard, the timekeeper, was holding a lighted danger lamp, while one of the workmen who was intoxicated poured gasoline from a two-gallon can into the mouth of the lantern. The drunken man's hands trembled, and the oil was spilled over the burning wick. In an instant the can exploded with a sharp report and the burning oil was sprinkled over the bodies and faces of the seventeen men. With wild cries and shricks of pain the victims rushed for the door, through the narrow hallway and with waves of flame running over their bodies, staggered out into the street. Some of them rolled upon the pavement in agony, while others pulled the clothes from their bodies and cast them in the street. The firemen arrived quickly upon the scene and in ten minutes had the fire under control. . The names of the burned men are as fol-

lows: Doolny, HRNRY, 66 Orchard street, Newark,

KOOFHOLZ, WILLIAM, 48 Almond street, BATTEN, CHARLES, 1815 Wheat street. BINYARD, WILLIAM C., 1880 Marshall street. LANNIGAN, ANDREW, 1621 Copley street. GAPPERY, LAWRENCE, 1 Mark's Lane. CLARY, PATRICK, 9906 Hummell street. COYNE, JAMES, 1004 Carpenter street, SMITH, WILLIAM, 48 Almond street. MALEY, PATRICE, 883 Suffolk street. THOMPSON, PATRICE, 16 Bumbridge street. WARD, MICHAEL P., bricklayer, 1683 Seybert

COLGAN, JOHN, 48 Almond street. TUORY, JERRY, 1717 South Front street. LAWNING OWEN 1949 North Nineteenth street. LEARY, CONN., 1019 Mechanic.

McAndle, Jesse, 1108 Miller. INFATUATION AND MURDER.

Capt. A. H. Mills Kills Mrs. Rising and then Commits Suicide.

SEPECIAL TO THE WORLD. DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 18.-Capt. A. H. Mills, an old citizen and prominent vessel man of this city, shot and killed Mrs. Austin Rising at her residence last night. Mills then went home, locked himself in his room and shot himself through the head, death re-sulting almost instantly. Capt. Mills, who was a widower, is said to have been in-fatuated with the woman.

William Warren's Seventy-Fifth Birthday. ISPECIAL TO THE WORLD.

Bosros, Nov. 17.—Yesterday was William War-ren's seventy-fifth birthday. It was the intention of his friends to tender him an informal reception at his home on Bulfinch street, but on Monday Mr. at his name on buttone street, but on monay Mr.
Warren went to New York to attend the funeral of
a friend and he had not yet returned last night.
His absence caused sincer regret among his intimate friends, for by all members of the profession
William Warren is esteemed for the great worth he
has demonstrated throughout his long career.
Upon his return from New York he will find his
little home overrunning with floral tributes.

Lecomotives, Cars and Freight Burned. (SPECIAL TO THE WORLD, I

curred this morning at the Southern Railroad depot. Eight locomotives and 150 cars loaded with freight were destroyed, together with sverything pertaining to the Southern Railway round-house, machine and carpenter shops. Loss \$200,000; par-tally insured.

Cincinnati Street Car Strikers Return.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)
CINCINNATI, Nov. 18.—The street car strike is ettled, and all the men returned to work this morning. The strikers receded from their post-



WASHINGTON NOV. 18, -Weather indications: For Connecticut, fair toeather, slightly toarms er; light to fresh westerty teinds, increasing forces

For Eastern New York: Fair weather, light to fresh south-mesterty winds, increasing in